

Gulf War Aftermath An Environmental Tragedy

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~~Gulf War Aftermath An Environmental~~

His desire for power and infamy led him to unleash environmental war on mankind. At the end of the Gulf war he set ablaze the oil fields of Kuwait and released more oil into the sea than had been spilled at any time throughout history. These actions were despicable and an affront to civilized man. A quality environment should be a right of all mankind, and to wage war by deliberately polluting the earth cannot be tolerated.

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~~The Gulf War Aftermath (Environment & Assessment): Sadiq...~~

The invasion and occupation of Kuwait by the Iraqi forces and the resulting Gulf War in 1991 led to unprecedented environmental contamination, the effects of which will be felt for years to come....

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The Gulf War Aftermath: An Environmental Tragedy Volume 4 of Environment & Assessment: Authors: M. Sadiq, J.C. McCain: Edition: illustrated: Publisher: Springer Science & Business Media, 2012:...

~~The Gulf War Aftermath: An Environmental Tragedy - M...~~

The Gulf War Aftermath showed that the average seawater temperature from June 4 through December 10 was 2.5C lower in 1991 than the mean temperature during 1986-90. During 1991, solar radiation was only 79 percent of that during 1990.

~~GWVRP: The Gulf War Aftermath: An Environmental Tragedy~~

See also: Environmental impact of the Gulf War Oil well fires rage outside Kuwait City in 1991 The Kuwaiti oil fires were caused by the Iraqi military setting fire to 700 oil wells as part of a scorched earth policy while retreating from Kuwait in 1991 after conquering the country but being driven out by Coalition forces.

~~Aftermath of the Gulf War - Wikipedia~~

Other environmental effects of the 1991 Gulf War included destruction of sewage treatment plants in Kuwait, resulting in the discharge of over 50,000 cubic metres of raw sewage every day into...

~~The environmental damage of war in Iraq | Iraq | The Guardian~~

The Gulf War Oil Spill: A Man-made Disaster. Starting in January of 1991, large quantities of oil began to spill into the Persian Gulf. Early reports from Iraqi forces claimed that the spill had been caused by the United States sinking of two oil tankers. It was later revealed that in a desperate military move, Iraqi forces had opened oil valves of the Sea Island pipeline, releasing oil from numerous tankers.

~~The Gulf War Oil Spill: A Man-made Disaster | Environment...~~

The Gulf War oil spill was a direct result of the Gulf War that took place from 1990-1991. The war—fought between Iraq, under Saddam Hussein, and the Coalition forces—started with Iraq's invasion and occupation of Kuwait on August 2, 1990. The invasion was a result of long-standing territorial and oil disputes. Several months into the war, Coalition forces led attacks on Iraqi military ...

~~Gulf War oil spill—Wikipedia~~

Kuwait - Kuwait - The Persian Gulf War and its aftermath: Although Iraq advanced several arguments in support of its actions, the basic reasons behind the invasion of Kuwait were the perennial ones that had led earlier Iraqi regimes to seek the same result: control of Kuwait's oil and wealth, the military advantage of frontage on the Persian Gulf, Pan-Arabism under Iraqi leadership, and a ...

~~Kuwait—The Persian Gulf War and its aftermath | Britannica~~

The First Gulf War of 1990-1 had seemed to secure the region's state-based order. But, in retrospect, that order appears too fragile to secure. Rather than invasion by tank columns, order erodes under a steady pelting of mis-governance, external meddling, and fanaticism.

~~The First Gulf War and Its Aftermath—by Hillel Fradkin ...~~

War has disastrous effects on people and the physical, biological, economic, and social environment. The state-of-the-art of research on the environmental consequences of war and its aftermath is presented in this Handbook. A broad range of topics are included, such as the prevention of war and its environmental repercussions and selected environmental and human health effects of chemical warfare agents and the atmospheric transport and deposition of pollutants under warfare with two main ...

~~Environmental Consequences of War and Aftermath | Tarek A ...~~

The environmental consequences of the Gulf War in 1991 affected the air, the marine environment, and the terrestrial ecosystem. Various scenarios and forecasts had been made before the war about the possible and probable impacts under different conditions. The follow-up studies have showed a rather different picture than what had been forecasted.

~~The Environmental Impacts of the Gulf War 1991~~

Abstract The burning oil wells in Kuwait, no doubt, created the world's largest oil field fire in history. The environmental implications of the oil fires generated tremendous media and scientific interest.

~~Environmental impact of Kuwait oil fires: upper atmosphere ...~~

New Orleans, Louisiana On April 20, 2010, an explosion at the BP Deepwater Horizon oil rig released over 130 million gallons of crude oil into the Gulf of Mexico. It was the biggest oil spill ever...

~~Ten years later, BP oil spill continues to harm wildlife ...~~

The Gulf War Aftermath : an Environmental Tragedy. [Muhammad Sadiq; John C McCain] -- The invasion and occupation of Kuwait by the Iraqi forces and the resulting Gulf War in 1991 led to unprecedented environmental contamination, the effects of which will be felt for years to come.

In 1962 Rachel Carson warned of the consequences of man's pollution in her book *Silent Spring*, a book that some feel marks the real beginning of our environmental awareness. *Silent Spring* told of the consequences of our increasing pesticide use to birds. Almost 30 years after her warning, the western Arabian Gulf experienced its "silent spring" when approximately 100,000 to 250,000 waterbirds died, along with millions of other organisms, due to the massive oil spill that resulted due to Gulf war. The magnitude of our environmental problems has continued to grow during the last thirty years to a point where even the "doomsday" environmentalists could hardly have envisioned back in 1962. It seems the death of yet uncounted thousands of humans was not sufficient for Saddam Husain. His desire for power and infamy led him to unleash environmental war on mankind. At the end of the Gulf war he set ablaze the oil fields of Kuwait and released more oil into the sea than had been spilled at any time throughout history. These actions were despicable and an affront to civilized man. A quality environment should be a right of all mankind, and to wage war by deliberately polluting the earth cannot be tolerated.

A comprehensive assessment of the long-term effects of the 1991 Gulf War, both in the Gulf region and the world.

The Gulf War inflicted dramatic environmental damage upon the fragile desert and shore environments of Kuwait and north eastern Saudi Arabia. Marine environments experienced oil spills; inland, oil lakes and burning oil wells caused widespread pollution. This book, first published in 1994, presents an in-depth analysis of these environmental disasters, their long-term consequences, and potential ways to repair the damage.

In January 1995 the Institute of Medicine released a preliminary report containing initial findings and recommendations on the federal government's response to reports by some veterans and their families that they were suffering from illnesses related to military service in the Persian Gulf War. The committee was asked to review the government's means of collecting and maintaining information for assessing the health consequences of military service and to recommend improvements and epidemiological studies if warranted. This new volume reflects an additional year of study by the committee and the full results of its three-year effort.

and used in munitions. Rather the requirements for the agent's military effects took precedence. In addition, the interaction among the political, technical, and legal challenges connected with the known or possible risks posed by CW agents is complex and sometimes not well understood. This is usually because technical considerations, when acted on, are almost invariably informed by political ones, such as various legal requirements. The book contains nine chapters covering different aspects of the research on environmental consequences of war and its aftermath and covers in one additional chapter more general issues such as prevention of war and its environmental c- sequences, the legal, political, and technical background to selected environmental and human health effects of CW agents, and the atmospheric transport and depo- tion of persistent organic pollutants under warfare conditions to more specific ones related to two main tragic examples: the war in the Balkans and the Gulf War. Aspects of the war in the Balkans cover contamination by heavy metals in Serbian national parks, the impact of NATO strikes on the Danube river basin, and the problems associated with transuranium elements. The Gulf War in Kuwait covers other problems related to the impact of oil contamination, the impact on grou- water resources, and the soil damage of ground fortifications among other envir- mental and health problems.

A comprehensive assessment of the long-term effects of the 1991 Gulf War, both in the Gulf region and the world.

This assessment of the actual consequences of the war examines the ecology of the region, the oil spills and fires, the impact of desert fighting, the lasting effects on the human environment, the health consequences for the region's population, the attempts to destroy Iran's nuclear and biological arsenal, and the legal and policy issues. It shows in detail how the West went about arming Saddam Hussein's regime and reveals how the likely consequences of the conflict were known well in advance and covered up.

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